

Table 1. Some HIV-defining diagnoses

Pneumocystis pneumonia

Esophageal candidiasis

Pneumonia, recurrent*

Herpes simplex chronic ulcers (duration >1 month)

Certain specific types of lymphoma

Mycobacterium tuberculosis (any)

Histoplasmosis, disseminated or extrapulmonary

Source: CDC Revised Surveillance Case Definition for HIV Infection—United States, 2014. Available at www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/rr6303a1.htm.

*2 or more occurrences, based on clinician's judgment.